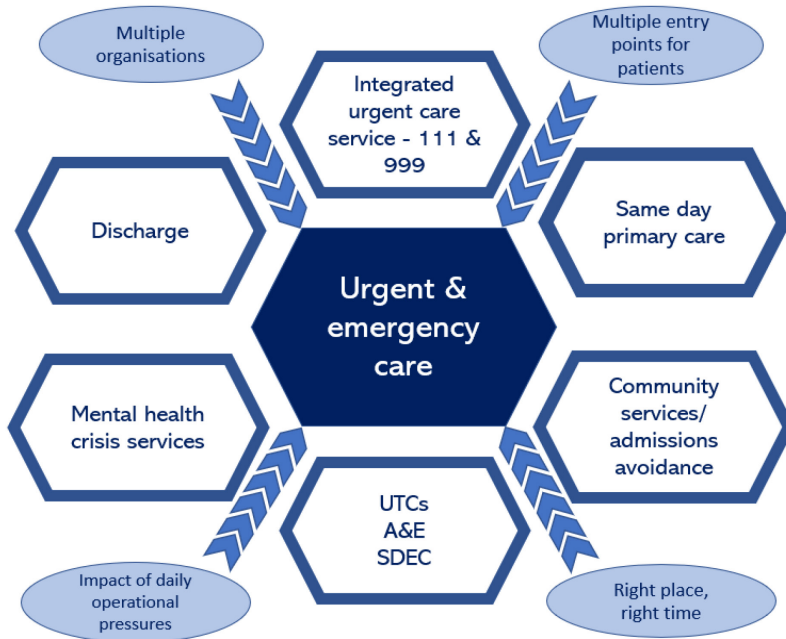


Urgent and Emergency Care (1)

Overview of our current system

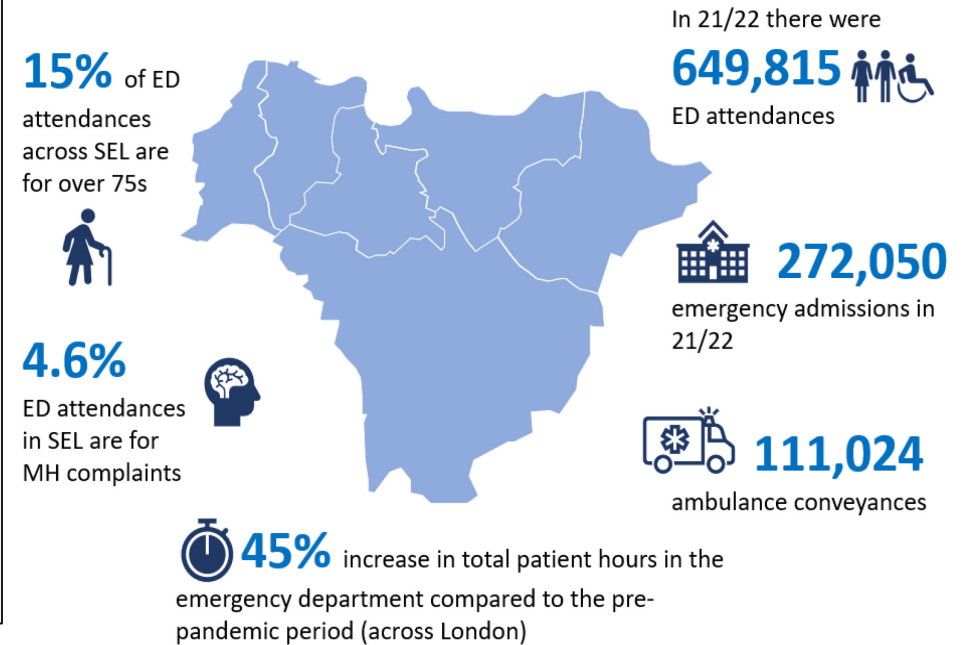
Overview of UEC system



Health inequalities:

- We have inequalities in our current pattern of utilisation of hospital based urgent and emergency care services and think links too to corresponding inequalities in access to other services:
 - Analysis shows that Black people and those living in the most deprived areas of south east London when compared to White people and those living in less deprived areas (even once adjusted for differences in average age) are over-represented in activity and spend in hospitals' A&E and non-elective hospital activity.
 - Better, earlier prevention and management of ill-health would lead to less use of emergency hospital care demand and lower re-admission rates.
 - Achieving significantly better improvements in quality of life for residents of south east London would further, in the long term, reduce the resource required to deliver emergency care which has limited ability to impact people's long-term health outcomes.

Urgent and emergency care snapshot



What we've heard from the public

Access to urgent care and long waits is a key issue for local people. Local people have previously reported that difficulty accessing primary care appointments led to them seeking help and care at Emergency Department (ED) and other urgent services, and whilst many people were aware of and had used urgent care alternatives to A&E (such as urgent care centres) there is a need for increased publicity, information and signposting on different urgent care and out of hours services and where to access them (Our Healthier South East London engagement on the NHS Long Term Plan, September 2019). Inclusive and accessible environments in EDs including good triage and clear signposting has been raised. Including clear signposting and triage. Our Friends and Family Test Results for SEL Emergency Departments in October showed feedback that was a Positive 70% Negative 20% (National comparison Positive 74% Negative 17%).

Urgent and Emergency Care (2)

Strengths / opportunities

Collaboration

SEL has a well-established and effective system approach to operational pressures providing real-time mutual aid across the system (e.g. daily surge calls). The formation of the Acute Flow Improvement Group and the Discharge Solutions Improvement Group has also enabled engagement of local system leaders in the longer-term and most systematic and consistent improvement of UEC pathways.

Community and integrated urgent care

As early adopters of Urgent Community Response (UCR) provision, we have developed an effective UCR service across all of SEL. SEL is also the lead commissioner for NHS111 for London and so plays a pivotal role in developing integrated urgent care.

Governance

Established Place-based UEC Boards are in place to support local development and delivery working alongside the SEL Board to secure agreed common standards and approaches delivered locally. Board include representation from the wide range of stakeholders involved in planning and delivering UEC.

Communication & Engagement

There is strong engagement and communication in some Boroughs with the opportunity of achieving more consistency by way of a SEL UEC communication strategy that aligns with the recommendations in the Fuller Report. Whilst there is some good local engagement, for example in local UTC procurement, more work is required to engage with our residents on UEC service design and in communicating what services are on offer.

Service Redesign

There is a wealth of service improvement expertise across the system and a huge opportunity to funnel this expertise into spreading existing pockets of good practice. Using UEC/health/111 data sets together will help us to understand the way the population uses UEC services, the changes in acuity seen across the UEC pathway and highlight areas for opportunity. We will maximise the opportunity of innovative digital solutions as well as improving consistency and alignment across the system where this is beneficial for the population.

Challenges

Collaboration

Emerging collaborations and partnership are in their infancy with individual partners often having to concentrate on their own pressures and constraints, resulting in variation across systems. There is also scope to better join up work across UEC and other key programmes (primary care, pharmacy, community services, CYP, etc.).

Demand, capacity and flow

We need to better understand and address demand, capacity and flow constraints including considering how we better tackle challenges related to demand and capacity together and improve transfers of care across the UEC care pathway.

Balancing operational pressure and long term improvement

System solutions for UEC often require behaviour and culture change which can take a long time and a sustained effort; this can be challenging when immediate operational pressures often take focus away from more medium term sustainable change.

Service design

We need to be better at evaluating improvement initiatives and stopping initiatives that cannot evidence positive outcomes. As a system we also need to agree an approach to resourcing initiatives that have shown positive outcomes where these often have short-term/pilot funding arrangements in place.

Communication & Engagement

We need to improve our meaningful patient and front-line staff engagement in UEC service design. Again the short-term interactions with patients and operational pressures on front line teams make this challenging to overcome.

Inequalities

We know that there are a number of factors driving behaviours that increase pressure on UEC services, such as increasing patient expectation of immediacy of care, damaged trust between the public and health care provision, and other factors such as the cost of living crisis. Social factors such as deprivation rates may also indicate more complex home and care needs which impact on discharge requirements and flow through our acute hospital sites. We need to prioritise patients with the greatest need to better influence health outcomes and ensure we are shifting the curve for those population groups that are over reliant on urgent and emergency care services for their care.

UEC - Our vision and objectives

Our vision

To deliver an integrated safe and responsive Urgent and Emergency Care model that meets population needs and enables people to access the care they need, in the least intensive setting, when they need it and minimising the time spent in hospital through a resilient and sustainable service offer.

Our key objectives – what we want to achieve over the next five years

The top things that we want to achieve over the next five years

1. To **reduce the inequalities** gap and current over representation of our CORE20 (most deprived) population in our UEC system
2. To ensure the delivery of **high quality, safe care** including improving the **timeliness of UEC responses** and the sustainable delivery of UEC related performance standards
3. To ensure nobody spends one more day in hospital than is necessary with supportive and effective **transfers of care** and the sustainable delivery of **discharge** standards
4. To secure an accessible, responsive, timely and **joined up same day urgent care** offer secured through our integrated neighbourhood teams.
5. To demonstrably **harness opportunities** to optimise our UEC care pathways to ensure they are **innovative, effective, efficient and productive** and meet best practice guidance
6. Teams that are providing front-line care **feel supported to deliver safe and effective care** as demonstrated in recruitment and retention rates and staff survey results.

UEC - Our priority actions

Our priority actions – what we will do

- 1** **Develop and deliver an effective population health approach** to improve outcomes and reduce health inequalities, by improving engagement with our population and partner agencies to drive improved communication, service design, understanding of patient expectation and behaviour.
- 2** **Implement a system approach to quality and safety** with risk based management and action that will support whole system ownership of risk, safety and quality across all UEC services (e.g. Integrated urgent care (111/999), ambulance handover, acute, MH etc), including for front line teams so that staff, patients and services remain safe.
- 3** **Further enhance our integrated out of hospital offer** which delivers a consistent model of care including population health management, community MDT care, 111 IUC, enhanced rapid response, high frequency user service and care home support along with integrated UEC services for children and young people and those with urgent mental health needs
- 4** **Stream people to the most appropriate place to receive urgent and emergency care** (including mental health and children and young people) from point of contact (e.g. 111, primary care, ED) and appropriately align resources to deliver capacity to meet demand to ease pressure on services and secure better and safer patient experience
- 5** **Prioritise a number of focused initiatives to strengthen in hospital flow & discharge for both physical and mental health** - minimising time in hospital through embedding the SAFER flow bundle (senior review of patients, all patients with expected discharge date and clinical discharge criteria, flow from assessment to admission to discharge, early discharge (before midday and over weekends) and regular review (multi disciplinary team reviews with therapy and social work teams), plus the provision of enhanced out of hospital service to support discharge, with particular attention on vulnerable populations and complex cases.
- 6** **Cultivate a future-focused approach** by facilitating the SEL UEC System Leadership [Board] to focus on longer term aspirations and outcomes to support action 1-5, alongside operational performance and pressures.

UEC priority action 1 – population health approach

Population health approach

Develop and deliver an effective population health approach to improve outcomes and reduce health inequalities, by improving engagement with our population and partner agencies to drive improved communication, service design, understanding of patient expectation and behaviour.

How we will secure delivery

Actions for 23/24

- Co-design (place and SEL) of service to meet 2023/24 operating plan requirements
- Co-design our approach to patient engagement for UEC services
- Understand the needs of the patients within our Core20 from a UEC perspective
- Use data to support targeted population approaches to support reduction in inequalities
- Needs analysis of education and training for UEC health professionals in relation to health inequalities (working alongside place and providers)
- Establish the Clinical and Professional forum and use this to engage front line team in service design
- Identify measures and a means of gathering data to enable reporting on health inequalities outcomes and variation

Actions for 24/25

- Implementing patient engagement plans including sustainable ways of building in patient involvement in service design
- Implement processes to ensure early risk identification, detection and intervention and proactive planned care support particularly where these are identified as part of Core20
- Provide education resources and training for health professionals in SEL
- Working with partners to support health education of the local population to support their health and family's wellbeing to reduce the likelihood of need from UEC
- Implement data gathering to support reporting on health inequalities measures

Intended outcomes in 5 years time

- Reduction of unwarranted variation in population access to UEC (using existing data in Understanding and addressing the impact of inequalities across South East London - Findings to-date and proposed model of change May 2022 as baseline)
- Established reporting will demonstrate improvement in outcomes against health inequalities measures
- Closer working between Place Based and SEL partners to understand how patients access UEC services (maturity of system working as ICB)
- Wider understand in UEC services of the impact and opportunity to influence health equality as part of UEC care provision (audit).

System approach to quality and safety

Implement a system approach to quality and safety with risk based management and action that will support whole system ownership of risk, safety and quality across all UEC services including children and young people (e.g. Integrated urgent care (111/999), acute, MH etc), including for front line teams so that staff, patients and services remain safe.

How we will secure delivery

Actions for 23/24

- Continue to provide and develop our System Control Centre (SEL surge function) and further develop collaboration among system partners to provide support and mutual aid and system resilience
- Develop a SEL violence and abuse reduction strategy for staff and delivery of short term priorities
- Working with acute partners on learning from flow models (e.g. Woolwich Way) to sustain improvements in reduced ambulance handover delays and care pathway flow
- Identify quality measures that can be used along side performance measures and levers for data collection and reporting

Actions for 24/25

- Building on actions identified in 23/24 including system agreement and implementation of risk based management for UEC
- Working with regional and national colleagues where identified projects impact on quality and safety (e.g. to improve flow, ambulance handovers)
- Embed quality and safety measures within improvement work
- Work with partners to improve triage, signposting and communicating with patients (e.g. waiting times) including for those with disabilities (seen and unseen)

Intended outcomes in 5 years time

- Same standard of care across all providers reducing unwarranted variation for key parts of the service
- Real-time mutual aid to system partners
- Improved performance delivery so SEL is sustainably meeting national standards (4 and 12 hours, ambulance handover times, and Category 2 response times)
- Reduction in serious incidents
- Identified quality outcomes measures to sit alongside existing performance measures
- Improved experience for those with disabilities (visible and unseen) when accessing UEC services

UEC priority action 3 – integrated out of hospital offer

Integrated out of hospital offer

Further enhance our integrated out of hospital offer which delivers a consistent model of care including population health management, community MDT care, 111 IUC, enhanced rapid response, high frequency user service and care home support along with integrated UEC services for children and young people and those with urgent mental health needs

How we will secure delivery

Actions for 23/24

- Understand the Fuller Review vision and local neighbourhood models including what every local network needs and what can be set as a minimum standard
- Engage with a variety of service providers and patients to design same day care and define the most appropriate service and professional for a range of symptoms based scenarios
- Develop a clear communications plan across SEL that informs residents how to access the right care for their health needs.
- Fully implement the Mental Health 111 #2 offer for residents of SEL.
- Continue to develop appropriate care pathways for 999 to reduce the pressure on Emergency Departments and further expand services to increase capacity.
- Review the existing High Intensity User services to establish a baseline and compare with high frequency users of other urgency care services (e.g. primary care, 999) and complete gap analysis.

Actions for 24/25

- Redesign the 111 IUC offer with SEL partners to better integrate with local systems and improve patient care.
- Continue to develop system working across SEL and other ICBs to fully deliver an integrated out of hospital offer.
- Develop high frequency user services that are adaptable to the changing needs of the population and how people access services, and that support to reduce health inequalities as part of Core20plus

Intended outcomes in 5 years time

- System-wide approach to managing integrated urgent care to guarantee same-day care for patients for patients clinically assessed as requiring urgent care, where continuity from the same team is not a priority.
- Redesigned 111 so it is integrated with local systems and allows for patients to get the care they need that meets their needs
- Successful 111 IUC procurement which reflects the model of care needed for SEL.
- Improved digital offer to patients to better manage their care.
- Patients have a clear understanding of how and when to access urgent and emergency care across SEL and trust the service they receive.
- A fully integrated out of hospital offer that delivers quality care to the population of SEL.
- To demonstrate effectiveness of high frequency user services by reducing unwarranted multiple UEC attendances/contacts (reduction in high frequency users).
- People accessing UEC services are clear on the options available to them, can easily identify which option is the most appropriate for their need (even when in crisis) and how to access that care

UEC priority action 4 – streaming to direct patients to the right place first time

Streaming

Stream people to the most appropriate place to receive urgent and emergency care (including mental health and children and young people) from point of contact (e.g. 111, 999, primary care, ED) and appropriately align resources to deliver capacity to meet demand to ease pressure on services and secure better and safer patient experience and deliver performance targets.

How we will secure delivery

Actions for 23/24

- Improve and enhance hospital front door streaming to most appropriate setting including Urgent Treatment Centres, Same Day Emergency Care, Emergency Departments, frailty and out of hospital services such as primary care, community services including admission avoidance services and mental health crisis care through effective redirection and onward sign posting
 - Repeating missed opportunities including audits in paediatric ED
 - Increase collaboration across professional boundaries (e.g. surgical, GP)
 - Patient surveys to support redesigning of front door pathways
- Evaluation of existing mental health crisis initiatives to provide a sound basis for decision making on future models for SEL
- Continuing to implement recommendations of the SEL SDEC report via the SEL SDEC working group and repeat process for surgical SDEC
- Develop relationship with local partners (pharmacies, GP practices, health services, etc.) to support redirection of patients that do not need UEC care.
- Using data sources to assess alignment of resource to deliver demand
- Use contractual levers and system partnership working to support the delivery of the Cat 2 ambulance target (e.g. use of ACPs, increase ambulance capacity)

Actions for 24/25

- Continue work identified in 2023/24
- Use evidence base to identify optimal alignment of resources to meet demand
- Undergo evaluation of any implemented solutions to inform future decisions
- Involve patients in the design of our streaming and direction options and how to make these easily understandable for our population

Intended outcomes in 5 years time

- Deliver A&E and wider UEC targets
- Further improvement towards pre-pandemic levels in 2024/25 around key metrics
- Evidence that 25% of opportunities identified in previous missed opportunities audits have now been met
- Each UEC contact is appropriate to level of patient acuity (audit)
- Improved patient experience when accessing UEC services in SEL (audit)
- People accessing UEC services can make decisions based on their need, existing wait times and what is available to improve their outcomes

UEC priority action 5 – hospital flow and discharge

Hospital flow and discharge

Prioritise a number of focused initiatives to strengthen in hospital flow & discharge for both physical and mental health for all ages including children and young people - minimising time in hospital with SAFER flow bundle, weekend discharge, MDT reviews with therapy and social work teams, enhanced out of hospital service to support discharge, with particular attention on vulnerable populations and complex cases.

How we will secure delivery

Actions for 23/24

- Establish clinical leadership and networks to increase collaboration across professional boundaries (e.g. medical/surgical, GP)
- Closer working with Mental Health and Children and Young People’s UEC priorities to support delivery of transformation goals (aligned to priorities identified in those work programmes)
- Working with local system plans to realise increased bed capacity (G&A, stepdown, and community and virtual wards) to achieve bed 92% bed occupancy
- Take collaborative approach to delivery of local authority plan to support discharge through adult social care
- Targeted work to develop robust discharge pathways for those who are complex/difficult to discharge, for example, dementia and delirium
- Working with acute partners on learning from flow models (e.g. Woolwich Way) to sustain improvements to reduce discharge delays for those who are medically fit

Actions for 24/25

- Evaluation of approaches taken during 2023/24 to take the learning and continue a collaborative approach to flow and discharge promote parity of approach across mental and all ages including children and young people and to meet the needs of vulnerable populations and complex cases.
- Identify quality and outcomes measures that can be used along side performance measures and levers for data collection and reporting

Intended outcomes in 5 years time

- Improve patient flow and to reduce bed occupancy to at least 92%
- Increased physical capacity in inpatient settlings to reflect changes in demographics and health demand as well as improve support for patients in the community.
- Improved discharge metrics (LOS, weekend discharge, readmission rates)
- Reduced delays to medically fit for discharge
- Able to report on quality measures that evidence flow and discharge improvements have resulted in improved patient experience and outcomes

Continuous learning approach

Cultivate a future-focused and continuous learning approach by facilitating the SEL UEC System Leadership [Board] to focus on longer term aspirations and outcomes to support action 1-5, alongside operational performance and pressures.

How we will secure delivery

Actions for 23/24

- SEL UEC Board to hold a long term planning session as part of annual objective setting process with identified collaboration with services that don't sit directly within UEC
- Every 6 months SEL UEC Board to have a planned improvement focussed session to give assurance that population health, integration and quality objectives are influencing the approaches being taken at local UEC board level as well as through SEL workstreams
- Closer alignment/working alongside ICB groups that impact on UEC delivery, e.g. Acute Provider Collaborative
- Develop a SEL UEC digital strategy with system partners to better align delivery of patient care for the future

Actions for 24/25

- UEC Board to be able to describe how UEC services across SEL should be aligning in order to deliver the vision
- Ensuring existing governance models are fit for purpose and deliver the system improvement we expect to see
- Agree an evaluation framework that also identified where behaviour and culture have thus far been barriers to sustained improvement

Intended outcomes in 5 years time

- Shared strategic aims between UEC Board, providers/Provider Collaboratives and local care partnerships for the delivery of UEC services across SEL
- Aligned to priority 2 there will be clear outcomes measures sitting alongside performance measures that the UEC Board use to support decision making, these will include population health and quality measures and the development of patient reported measures.
- A proactive system that is able to anticipate the demands and the needs of the population.
- A newly designed UEC system that delivers what patients need.
- Improved evaluation of improvement that is actively used to inform planning and decision making including in investment

UEC enabler requirements

Workforce

- Different workforce models - opportunity to resource services differently to use workforce more flexibly and to offer more flexibility to staff groups to reduce vacancy rates and improve retention rates
- Workforce engagement to understand the issues and barriers that result in people leaving their roles.
- Work with local schools and colleges to attract more local people into NHS roles or into education that will lead to NHS employment.
- Development of transformation expertise and resource to work alongside operational teams to secure integrated pathway change and innovation including how to address health inequalities when planning and developing service models

Estates

- Support for sites where estate prevents expansion or relocation of services to support better hospital flow.
- Support for sites in economically deprived areas where estate is not fit for purpose and impacts on the way that services can be delivered and accessed by local populations.

Digital

- Digital ambition and investment - A wider SEL digital strategy that enables a platform for use of digital solutions, currently these hit all the blockers from each organisation
- Using digital technology to streamline services and move patients to the digital world (for populations that want to use this platform) to reduce demand on other areas. – to support patients and population (similar to principles in Fuller report)

Data

- Data that provides quality outcomes rather than purely performance. Improved access to GIRFT and other quality data.
- Robust demand and capacity planning to identify capacity gaps, including population health factors.
- Access to data to support targeted population approaches to support reduction in inequalities, early risk identification, detection and intervention and proactive planned care support